EWT(m)/EWP(k)/EWP(t)/ETI 3847 (A. //) IJP(c) JD/JH SOURCE CODE: UR/0276/65/000/011/G015/G015 ACC NR: AR6013847 AUTHORS: Lovtsov, D. P.; Volkhontsev, I. B. TITLE: Degassing/of aluminum and aluminum-silicon alloys during storage SOURCE: Ref. zn. Tekhnologiya mashinostroyeniya, Abs. 116127 REF SOURCE: Sl. Lit'ye i obrabotka splavov chern. i tsvetn. met. Krasnoyarsk, 1965, 67-78 TOPIC TAGS: aluminum alloy, aluminum, vacuum degassing/ AVOOO aluminum, AL-7-4 aluminum alloy, AL-2 aluminum alloy, AL-4 aluminum alloy ABSTRACT: An investigation has established that aluminum (AVOOO) and aluminumsilicon alloys (which have previously been hydrogenated) will degas while standing under essentially atmospheric conditions at 745--755C. The hydrogen degassing rate during standing depends on the kind of metal, the temperature, the degree of contamination with metallic, nonmetallic, and gaseous impurities, on the structure and properties of the surface layer, and on the humidity of the environment. Alloys with increasing degassing rates can be arranged as follows: AL-7-4; AL-2, AV000. 5 tables. Bibliography of 10 titles. Translation of abstract. SUB CODE: 13, 11 &P.

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

VOLKHOV. A.A.

Postnatal development of animals and man. Usp.sovr.biol. 43 no.3: 364-370 My-Je '57. (MLRA 10:7) (PRAGUE--PHYSIOLOGY--CONGRESSES)

VOLKHOV, I.M.; IVANOV, V.M.; KUZNETSOV, Yu.A.; otv. red.; KOPOLEVSKAYA, B.N., red.; OVCHINNIKOVA, T.K., tekhn.red.

[Lysaya gabbro-pyroxenite-dunite intrusive complex in the Western Sayan Mountains] Lysogorskii gabbro-piroksenit-dunitovoi [sic] intruzivnyi kompleks Zapadnogo Saiana. Otv. red. IU.A.Kuznetsov. Novosibirsk, Izd-vo Sibirskogo otd-niia AN SSSR, 1963. 99 p. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Kuznetsov). (Sayan Mountains-Geology)

VOLKHOV, M. I LEONT'YEV, O.P.

Electrification of mine dusts and its determination. Vest. AN Kazakh. SSR 13 no.4:86-90 Ap '57. (MIRA 10:6) (Wine dusts)

VOLKHOV, V.F.; SHUBIN, L.N.

Shoes for cables with a cross section up to 800 cm2. Pats. predl. na gor. elektrotransp. no.9:63-64 164.

(MIRA 18:2)

1. Upravleniye tramvaya Lipetska.

VOLKHOV, YE.B.

Raketnyye dvigateli. Moscow, Voyenizdat, 1961. 58 p. illus., diagrs., graphs, tables.

On cover: Za voyenno-tekhnicheskiye Zananiye.

#### VOLKHOVA, N.A.

Changes in the temperature reaction to pyrogens in total body Xirradiation of rabbits. Med.rad. 1 no.4:25-30 J1-Ag '56. (MIRA 9:12)

1. Iz otdela obshchey patologii (zav. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. P.N. Veselkin) Instituta eksperimental noy meditsiny AMN SSSR. (RCENTGEN RAYS, eff.

on temperature reaction to pyrogens in rabbits)

(BODY TEMPERATURE, eff. of drugs on

changes in reaction to pyrogens, changes induced by x-irradiation in rabbits)

(PYROGENS, eff.

on body temperature in rabbits, reaction changes induced by x-irradiation)

IOTKOVSKIY, A. (Leningrad); KARASEV, I. (Leningrad); VOLKHOVER, 6: (Leningrad)

Don't forget about economics. Sov. torg. 35 no.3:34-36 Km (MIRA 15:3)

(Vending machines)

MALKOV, A.M., professor, doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk; FISHER, P.N., redaktor; VOLKHOVER, R.S., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Production of yeast from nonfood substances] Proizvodstvo droshzhei iz nepishchevogo syr<sup>‡</sup>ia. Moskva, Goslesbumizdat, 1953. 175 p. (MLRA 7:5) (Yeast)

MAKOKLIN, I.A.; VERNIDUB, I.I.; ZHVANKO, Yu.N.; KARPOV, V.T.; RAZUMOVSKAYA, G.S.; VOL'KHOVSKAYA, A.A.

Kinetics of the oxidation of fine magnesium powders at high temperatures. Zhur.prikl.khim. 33 no.4:824-831 Ap 160.

(MIRA 13:9)

1. Moskovskiy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni institut narodnogo khozyaystva imeni G.V.Plekhanova. (Magnesium) (Powder metallurgy) (Oxidation)

TARASEVICH, N.I., MOCELI MCEHAMED, VOLKBOVSKAYA, R.Kh.

Spectral spark method of analyzing solutions. Vest.Mcsk.un.Ser.2: Nim. 19 no.4:57-71 Sl-4g \*64. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Kafadra analiticheskoy khimid Moskovskogo universiteta.



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6"

VOLKHOVSKAYA, U.V.

Greater attention to growing Spanish jasmine. Masl.-zhir.prom.
18 no.11:18-19 \*53. (MLRA 6:12)

l. Sukhumakaya zonal'naya opytnaya stantsiya Vsesoyuznogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta sinteticheskikh i natural'nykh dushistykh veshchestv. (Jasmine)

### VOLKHOVSKAYA, U.V.

Campher laurel as a national source of safrole. Masl.-zhir.prom. 22 no.4:14-15 156.

1.Sukhumskaya zenal'naya stantsiya. (Essences and essential eils) (Campher tree)

THE RESIDENCE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

VOLKHOVSKAYA, U.V.

Cultivation of the large-flowered jasmine. Trudy VEIISEDV no.3:3-18
(MIRA 10:9)

1. Starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik Sukhumskoy Zonal noy opytnoy stantsii. (Georgia--Jasmines) (Essences and essential oils)

ANTERNATION DESIGNATION IN THE PROPERTY OF THE

VOLKHONSKAYA, V.V.

VOLKHOVSKAYA, U.V., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; AZAREVICH, O.I., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik.

Cultivation of Eucalyptus citriodora Hook. Trudy VNIISNDV no.3:29-46 (MLRA 10:9)

1. Sukhumskaya Zonal'naya opytnaya stantsiya. (Georgia--Eucalyptus)

## VCLKHOVSKAYA, N.V.

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Modicinal Plants. Essential 1 Cil Plants. Toxic Plants.

: Rof Zhur - Biol., To J, 1950, No 34863 Abs Jour

: Volkhovskejs, U. /.
: mll-Union Resourch Institute for Synthetic and Luthor Inst

Latural Portuges.

: Culture of the Large-Flowering Jamine. Titlo

: Tr. Vsts. n.1. in-t sint. i notur. dush. voshch., Oriz Pub

1957, чур. 5, 3-18.

: Japannum grandiflowum or largo-Tlowering jasmina Abstract

(I) is a perennial serub of the family Oleaceac. The broad of Jasuinum includes apprex. 200 spocios, growing in tropical and sub-tropical zones of asia, africa, America, Australia and Europe. The most important of those, with respect to the contents in assential oils, is I. In its wild-

dard 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6" USSR / Cultivated Plants. Hadicinal Plants: Essential Oil Plants. Toxic Plants.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., Mo 8, 1958, No 34863

growing form, it occurs in India (province of Nepal). In cultivated form, I is known in many countries. The botanical characteristics of I are listed. In the SSSR, the studies on I were started in 1928 by the Sukhumskiy Branch of the Started in 1928 by the Sukhumskiy Branch of the VIR. Experiments conducted during 15 years (1928 to 1942) have shown that it is possible to grow root-taking cultures of I in conditions such as these prevailing in Jestern Georgia (Gruziya). Data pertaining to conditions of cultivation, hibernation, growing and yield are intivation, hibernation, growing and yield are intivation. Freezing of the plant section growing above the soil is observed at minus 800., however, even then the unaffected sections of the plant, even then the unaffected sections of the plant, are i.e., the stem and the book of the root, are able to produce abundant foliage and blooms in

Card 2/3

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-- y vauva.

ALEKSEYEVA, Ye.I., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; BUZINOV, P.A., kand.
sel'khoz. nauk; VODOLAGIN, V.D.; VOLKHOVSKAYA, U.V.;
GLUSHCHENKO, N.N., kand. biol. nauk; GURVICH; N.L., doktor
biol. nauk; ZHELEZNOV, P.A., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; KSENDZ,
A.T.; LESHCHUK, T.Ya.; LUK'YANOV, I.A., kand. sel'khoz.
nauk; MAYCHENKO, Z.G., kand. sel'khoz. nauk; TANASIYENKO,
F.S., kand. khim. nauk; ZNAMENSKIY, M.P.; PERSIDSKAYA, K.G.;
PODLESNOVA, A.F.; ROCOCHIY, I.Ya.; REZNIKOV, A.R.; SHUL'GIN,
G.T.; KHOTIN, A.A., doktor sel'khoz. nauk; LAPSHINA, O.V.,
red.; MINENKOVA, V.R., red.; MAKHOVA, N.N., tekhn. red.;
BALLOD, A.I., tekhn. red.

[Aromatic plants] Efiromaslichnye kul'tury. Moskva, Sel'-khozizdat, 1963. 358 p. (MIRA 16:12) (Ukraine—Aromatic plants)

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Medicinal. Essential Oil- M-7 Bearing. Toxins.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6490

Author: Volkhovskaya, U. V.

Inst : Sukhumi Zonal Experimental Station
Title : Methods of Growing Patchouli Seedlings

Orig Pub : Tr. Sukhumsk. zonal'n. opytn. st. efiromaslichn. kul'tur, 1957, vyp 2, 45-65

Abstract: The essential oil, which is contained in leaves of patchouli (Pogostemon patchouli Pell Saut) - a tropical perennial plant of the mint family, is utilized by the perfume industry as a stable fixer. Long stemmod patchouli sets were received by the Sukhumi Zonal Experimental Station from the island of

Java in 1932 and from that time on, the

Card 1/2

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Medicinal. Essential Oil-M-7Bearing. Toxins.

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6492 Abs Jour

: Volkhovskaya, U. V.; Azarevich, O. I. : All-Union Sc.-Res. Inst. of Synthetic and Author Inst

Natural Aromatic Substances : Cultivation of Lemon Eucalyptus Title

: Tr. Vses. n.-i. in-t sintetich. i

Orig Pub natural nykh dushistykh veshchestv, 1957,

vyp 3, 29-46

: The lemongum or lemon eucalyptus (Eucalyptus Abstract citriodora Hook.) is a tall evergreen, rapid growing tree. It grows normally in Australia, in New South Wales, on the northern shore

of Queensland. Its essential oil contains

citronellal - an initial product of

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6"

THE REPORT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON N

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Medicinal. Essential Oil- M-7 Bearing. Toxins.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 2, 1959, No. 6492

are cut in the spring, for stumps - there will be scrub. The agricultural engineering of lemongum developed in the course of several years at the Sukhumi Zonal Experimental Station, is described. -- L. N. Korolev

Card 3/3

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VOLKHOVSKAYA, U.V.

**地震通過時期的問題的** 

Increase the yield of patchouli in Georgia. Masl.-zhir. prom. 24 no.1:35-36 '58. (MIRA 11:3)

1. Sukhumskaya zonal'naya opytnaya stantsiya Vsesoyuznogo nauchnoissledovatel'skogo instituta sinteticheskikh i natural'nykh dushistykh veshchestv.

(Georgia--Patchouli)

VOLKHOVSKAYA, Z.S. (Moskva)

Acute hypervitaminosis D<sub>2</sub>. Sov. med. 24 no.4:126-128 Ap '60. (MIRA 13:2)

VOLKHOVSKIKH, Z. V.

Dissertation: "Anatomical and Physiological Investigations of Certain Decorative Plants in Commection with Their Wintering Abilities." Cand Biol Sci, Inst of Botany imeni V. L. Komarov, Acad Sci, USSR, Moscow, Oct-Dec 53. (Vestnik Akademii Nauk, Moscow, Jun 54)

SO: SUM 318, 23 Dec 1954

TARANOV, R., inzhener; SHEYKO, V., inzhener; VOLKIN, P., (Losino-Petrovsk, Moskovskaya oblast'); FEKHTEL, K.; MIROHENKO, V.; ZUMEV, N.; SHOYKHET, A.

Accounts by participants. Radio no.10:18-20 '56. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Nachal'nik respublikanskogo radiokluba Dobrovol'nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu Moldavskoy SSR (for Zuyev) 2. Starshiy inzhener respublikanskogo radiokluba Dobrovol'nogo obshchestva sodeystviya armii, aviatsii i flotu Moldavskoy SSR (for Shovkhet).

(Radio, Shortwave---Competitions)

VOLKIND, A. Ya.

Demulsification of tar water at the Shchekino Gas Plant.
Gaz. prom. no.11:20-24 N 58. (MIRA 11:11)
(Coal tar products) (Emulsions)

VOLKIND, I.

New bath for the production of sodium (from "Chemical Week" no. 6, 1956). TSvet. met. 30 no.2:96 F '57. (MLRA 10:4) (Sodium) (United States—Chemical industries)

IOLKIND, I.

136-8-19/21

AUTHOR: Volkind, I.

TITLE: Economic Method of Producing Metallic Zirconium (Ekonomichnyy sposob proizvodstva metallicheskogo tsirkoniya)

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnye Metally, 1957, Nr 8, p.90 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This brief note on commercial production of metallic zirconium in the USA is based on articles in Chemical Week, 1956, 78, Nr 19, 22 and Nr 22, 92, 94 and in Chemical and Engineering News, 1956, 34, Nr 33, 3877-3878.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Card 1/1

VOLKIND, I.L., inzh.; KLEKOVKIN, E.M.; SHUMETOV, G.F., agronom; KRAVCHENKO, M.M., ekonomist.

Storage for field crops of collective farms and state farms. Izv. ASiA no.4:54-62 '61. (MIRA 16:11)

VOLKIND, I.L., inzh.; GORSKIY, G.Yu., kand.tekhn.nauk; ZHUCHIN,D.I., insh.; IVANOV, N.M., inzh.; PROZOROVSKIY, G.N., kand.tekhn.nauk; FELONIN, V.P., inzh.; KLIPPEL', M.S., red. izd-va; MOCHALINA, Z.S., tekhn. red.

[Agricultural construction in the U.S.S.R. and abroad; modern level and prospects] Sel'skokhoziaistvennoe stroitel'stvo v SSS i za rubezhom; sovremennyi uroven' i perspektivy. [By] I.L. Volkind i dr. Moskva, Gosstroiizdat, 1962. 122 p. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Akademiya stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR. Nauchnoissledovatel'skiy institut sel'skikh zdaniy i sooruzheniy. (Farm buildings)

VOLKIND, I.V., referent.

Zircenium preduction in the United States (from "Chemische Industrie" no. 4, 1958). TSvet. met. 31 no.11:91 N '58. (MIRA 11:12) (United States--Zircenium)

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

10(5)5(2,3)

DCV/EC-32-3-42/43

AUTHORS:

Storonkin, A.V., Morachevskiy, A.C., Suscrev, M.I., Volkind,

I.Ya., Filatov, I.G.

TITLE:

Bibliography (Bibliografiya)

PURICBICAL:

Thurnol prikladnoy khimii, 1959, Vol XXXII, Er 3, pp 694-699

(USUR)

ABSTRLOT:

The article contains the review of 3 books, one of which is a translation from English. The two Soviet books are: "Refer-

ence Fock for the Equilibrium Estmeen Liquid and Vapor" and

"Flactics and Their Inflammability".

Gerd 1/1

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6"

VOLKIND, I.Ya.; CHERTKOV, B.A.

Bibliography. Zhur. prikl. khim. 36 no.5:1165-1168 My '63.

(MIRA 16:8)

(Phosphorus compounds) (Chemical apparatus)

VOLKIND, I.Ya.; CHERTKOV, B.A.

Bibliography. Zhur. prikl. khim. 36 no.5:1165-1168 My '63.

(MIRA 16:8)

(Phosphorus compounds) (Chemical apparatus)

VOLKIND, I.Ya.

"Synthetic washing and cleaning preparations" by G.Stüpel. Reviewed by I.IA.Volkind. Zhur.prikl.khim. 34 no.7:1651-1652 JI '61. (MIRA 14:7)

(Cleaning compounds)

(Stüpel, G.)

VOLKIND, I. Ya., kand. tokhn. nauk

"Action of detergents on the skin" by H.Stupel, A.Szakall. Reviewed by I.IA. Volkind. Gig. i san. 26 no.5:122-123 My '61. (MIRA 15:4) (CLEANING COMPOUNDS-PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (SKIN-DISEASES) (STUPEL, H.) (SZAKALL, A.)

VOLKIND, I.Ya.

"Electrolytic manufacture of chemicals from salt" by D.W.F.Hardie.

Reviewed by I.IA.Volkind. Zhur.prikl.khim. 34 no.7:1652 J1 161.

(MIRA 14:7)

(Salt) (Electrolysis) (Hardie, D.W.F.)

"Sodium and potassium" by A.F.Alabyshev and others. Reviewed by I.IA.Volkind. Zhur.prikl.khim. 33 no.7:1681-1683 J1 '60. (MIRA 13:7)

(Sodium) (Potassium) (Alabyshev, A.F.) (Grachev, K.Ya.) (Zaretskiy, S.A.) (Lantratov, M.F.)

VOLKIND, I.Ya.

"Chemical publications, their nature and uses in English by M.G. Mallon. Reviewed by I. IA. Volkind. Zhur. prikl.khim. 33 no.7:1683-1684 J1 \*60. (MIRA 13:7) (Chemistry) (Mellon, M.G.)

VOLKIND, I. Ya., kand. tekhn. nauk

P.Puplett's book "Synthetic detergents." Reviewed by I.IA.

Volkind. Masl.-zhir.prom. 24 no.11:42 '58. (MIRA 12:1)

(Cleaning compounds) (Puplett, P.)

VOLKIND, I.Ya.

"Handling and uses of the alkali metals" [in English]. Zhur. prikl. khim. 31 no.10:1615-1616 0 \*58. (MIRA 12:1) (Alkali metals)

VOLKIND, I. Ya.

"Ashort guide to chemical literature" by G. M. Dyson. Reviewed by I. IA. Volkind. Zhur. prikl. khim. 33 no.11:2615 N 160. (MIRA 14:4)

(Bibliography-Literature) (Dyson, G. M.)

#### 

VOLKIND, I.Ya.

"Practical applications of anodic oxidation of aluminum" [in German]
by W. Huebner and A. Schiltknecht. Reviewed by I.IA. Volkind. Zhur.
prikl. khim. 30 no.11:1723-1724 N '57. (MIRA 11:2)
(Aluminum) (Oxidation, Electrolytic)
(Huebner, W.) (Schiltknecht, A.)

VITE ALLAND & YE

VOLKIND, I.Ya., kandidst tekhnicheskikh nauk.

About the book "synthetic washing products" by Helmut Stupel. Reviewed by I.IA. Volkind. Masl.-zhir. prom. 23 no.2:48 '57. (MIRA 10:4) (Washing powders)

VOLKIND, I.Ya.

"Hydrogen peroxide." W. Schumb, C. Satterfield, R. Wentworth.
Reviewed by I.IA. Volkind. Zhur.neorg.khim. 1 no.7:1687-1688
J1 '56. (MLRA 9:11)

(Hydrogen peroxide)
(Schumb, W.) (Satterfield, C.) (Wentworth, R.)

## WOLKIND, N.I.

[Certain peculiarities of the phases of the respiratory cycle in dogs of various types of the nervous system] O nekotorykh osobennostiakh faz dykhatel'nogo tsikla u sobak raznykh tipov nervnoi sistemy. Tr.Fiziol.laborat.Pavlova 16:341-350 '49. (CIML 19:1)

1. Of the Institute of Evolutionary Physiology and Pathology of H Higher Nervous Activity imeni Academician I.P.Pavlov of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR (Director -- Academician L.A.Orbeli).

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

OLKIND. N.I.

[Certain peculiarities of the phases of the respiratory cycle in dogs of various types of the nervous system] O nekotorykh osobennostiakh faz dykhatel nogo tsikla u sobak raznykh tipov nervnoi sistemy. Tr. Fiziol.laborat. Pavlova 16:341-350 49. (CIML 19:1)

1. Of the Institute of Evolutionary Physiology and Pathology of H Higher Nervous Activity imeni Academician I.P. Pavlov of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR (Director -- Academician L.A. Orbeli).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6"

# VOLKIND, N.I.

### WOLKIND N. I.

O nekotorykh osobennostiakh faz dykhatel nogo tsikla u sobak raznykh tipov nernnoi sistemy. /Certain peculiarities of the phases of the respiratory cycle in dogs of various types of the nervous system/ Tr. Fiziol. laborat. Pavlova 16: 1949 p.341-50.

 Of the Institute of Evolutionary Physiology and Fathology of Higher Nervous Activity imeni Academician I. P. Favlov of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR (Director — Academician L. A. Orbeli). CIML Vol. 19, No. 1 July 1950

# VOLKIND, N. 1.

#### WOLKIND N. I.

Ob immeneniiakh dykhaniia vo vremia sna u sobak. Malifications of respiration during sleep in dogs/ Tr. Fiziol. laborat. Pavlova 16: 1949 p. 351-59.

Of the Institute of Evolutionary Physiology and Pathology of Higher Nervous Activity imeni Academician I. P. Pavlov of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR (Director — Academician L. A. Orbeli).

CIML Vol. 19, No. 1 July 1950

1 52089-65 EIT(m) Peb DIAAP UR/0286/65/000/009/0018/0018 ACCESSION NR: AP5015234 AUTHORS: Andreyeva, O. I.; Sukhorukov, S. I.; Yolkind, S. N. TITLE: A method for separating radioactive strontium and yttrium. No. 170477 SOURCE Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 9, 1965, 18 TOPIC TAGS: strontium, yttrium, radioactivity, ion exchange, ammonium salt, ammonium acetate This Author Certificate presents a method for separating radioactive strontium and yttrium by means of ion exchange with the use of an ammonium salt as an eluent. To separate strontium-89 in quantity and without a carrier, yttrium and strontium are washed with ammonium acetate at the concentrations of 0.4-0.6N and 2N respectively. ASSOCIATION: Gosudarstvennyy ordena trudovogo krasnogo znameni institut prikladnoy khimii (State Institute of Applied Chemistry of the Order of Workers Red Banner) SUB CODE: GC ENCL: 00 SUBMITTED: 16Apr64 OTHER: 000 NO REF SOV: 000 Card 1/18 J. 3

SHINKEVICH, Nikolay Icsifovich; Volkind, Ye., red.

[Concrete, masonry, and reinforced masonry construction]
Betonrye, kamennye i armokamennye konstruktsii. Izd.2.,
perer. i dop. Moskva, Nauka i tekhnika, 1964. 312 p.

(MIR: 13:1)

DVORSON, K.; VOL'KIS, S.

With the aid of the activist group. Fin.SSSR 23 no.6:64-65 Je 162.

l. Zaveduyushchiy Kuybyshevskim rayonnym finansovym otdelom Leningrada (for Dvorson). 2. Kontroler-revizor Kontrol'norevizionnogo upravleniya ministerstva finansov RSFSR po Kuybyshevskomu rayonu (for Vol'kis). (Leningrad-Auditing and inspection)

L 30084-66 EWT(1)/ETC(f) IJP(c) AT

ACC NR: AP6010207 SOURCE CODE: UR/0201/66/000/001/0125/0128

AUTHOR: Yurevich, F. B.; Volk-Levanovich, M. V.

ORG: Institute of Heat and Mass Exchange, AN BSSR (Institut teplo- i massoobmena

AN BSSR)

TITLE: Velocity of a plasma jet

SOURCE: AN BSSR. Vestsi. Seryya fizika-tekhnichnykh navuk, no. 1, 1966, 125-128

TOPIC TAGS: plasma jet, plasma velocity, plasma radiation, plasma gun, plasma arc

ABSTRACT: The authors describe the measurement of the velocity of a plasma jet by determining the brightness fluctuations. The plasma was produced at the output of a plasmatron with vertical gas stabilization of the arc, a description of which is given elsewhere (IFZh v. 7, No. 7, 1964). The velocity was measured with a high speed streak camera (SFRO operating in the photorecording mode with mirror rotation of 3000-7500 rpm, corresponding to a linear sweep of 150-375 m/sec. A special template was used to measure the radial velocity distribution. The jet velocity was measured for different plasmatron conditions, with and without a mixing chamber (damper chamber). The results show that the mixing chamber greatly smears out the brightness fluctuations. The obtained plasma velocities and other parameters are

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listed in a table. The results show that the distributions of the velocity on the jet axis are close to the mean values calculated by the heat balance. The radial distribution of the velocity in the jet is steeper for a plasmatron without a mixing chamber than for one with a mixing chamber. When the different velocity profiles are plotted in dimensionless form, they all coincide in form and fit quite well an empirical equation  $\tilde{W} = -0.4\tilde{r}^2 + 1$ , where  $\tilde{W}$  is the ratio of the relative jet velocity at a given radius to the velocity on the axis, and  $\tilde{r}$  is the ratio of the running radius to the radius of output nozzle. The accuracy of the results is estimated at  $\pm 10\%$ . Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 2 formulas, and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: Olnov65/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 001

Card 2/2 (C)

ASD(f)-2/AFRL/AEDC(b)/AEDC(a)/AS(ED)-2/AFMDC ACCESSION NR: APLOU7823 \$/0170/64/000/010/0098/0101 MUTHOR: Volk-Levanovich, M. V. Temperature measurement of variable current are by self-reversal lines TITLE MP SOURCE: Inshenerno-fizicheskiy zhurnal, no. 10, 1964, 98-101 TOPIC TACS: temporature measurement, opentral filter, are discharge temporature, electrode, thermodynamic squilibrium/ DES 1) spectrograph, Fabri Porct standard, DO 2 generator MESTRACT: Following the theory of H. Bartels (Z. Phys., 125, 597; 126, 108, 1949; 127, 243; 128, 546, 1950), the temperature of an alternating-current arc between tron electrodes was measured from self-reversal line spectra. According to above theory, the intensity in maximum self-reversal and local thermodynamic equilibrium  $I_{\lambda} = J_{\lambda m \bullet x}(T_{max}) M_{\infty} Y_{max}(p_{\infty}),$ is expressed by where.  $J_{\text{Atriax}} = c_1 \lambda^{-6} \exp\left(-\frac{c_2}{\lambda T_{\text{max}}}\right);$  $M_{\infty} = (V_i/V_R)^{1/3};$  $Y_{\text{max}} = 0.736 + 0.264 \rho_{-4}^2$ Card 1/2

L 12058-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4047823

For the measurements a combination spectrograph DFS-13 was used with a Fabri-Perot standard. The optical density of the standard was measured by comparing it with filters of known optical densities. For this purpose two neutral filters were selected such that in the range 3750-3850 A their optical density was close to that of the standard. The light source was an arc struck between iron electrodes 3 mm apart from a DG-2 generator source. The no-resonance self-reversal iron lines were selected, and the mean arc temperature was found to be 5380 + 270K. Measurement errors were less than 4-5%. These results were then compared with estimates from spectral line intensity measurements from iron lines 4100-4300 A. This method gave a mean value of 5100 + 300K. The results are in agreement within the experimental error. Orig. art. has: 9 formulas, 2 figures, and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: Institut teplo-i massobmena AN BSSR g. Minsk (Institute of Heat and Mass Transfer, AN BSSR)

SUBMITTED: 15Ju163

ENCL: OC

SUB CODE: ME, TD

NO REF SOV: CO2

OTHER: 003

Card 2/2

VOLKO, G.A.; RIK, G.R.

Energy spectra observed in the passage of beta radiation through various substances. Dokl. AN SSSR 140 no.1045-1047 0 161.

(MIEA 15:2)

1. Agrofizicheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Vsesoyuznoy akademii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk im. V.I.Lenina.

Predstavleno akademikom V.N.Kondrat'yevym.

(Radioisotopes--Spectra)

(Beta rays)

#### 

VOLKOBER, Z. [Wolkober, Z.]; VARGA, I.S.

Preparation of macromolecular herbicides. Vysokom.soed. 5 no.1:139-144 Ja '63. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut plastmassovoy promyshlennosti, Budapesht.

(Herbicides) (Macromolecular compounds)

VOLKOBOY, M.F., prof.; ZAGANYAYLO, V.O. [Zahaniailo, V.O.]; KOKSHA, N.G. [Koksha, N.H.]; KISLITSKIY, Ya.P. [Kyslyts'kyi, IA.P.]

Using meat industry wastes for the production of feeds. Khar.prom. no.4:55-59 O-D '62. (MIRA 16:1)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut myasomoloohnoy promyshlennosti Gosplana UkrSSR.

(Feeds)

VOLKOBOY, M.P., detsent, kandidat bielegicheskikh nauk.

Herphelegy of the oblique external abdominal muscle in some mammals. Nauk.zap.Kiev.un.8 no.7:309-316 '50 [i.e.'49]. (MLRA 9:10) (MAMMALS--ANATOMY) (MUSCLES)

VOLKOBOY, M.F., prof.; SHCHERBAN', N.P. [Shcherban', M.P.], kand.veterin.nauk

Differential diagnosis and control of carp diseases due to infestation with the helminths Botriocephalus gowrongensis and Caryophyllaeus fimbriceps. Visnyk sil'hosp.nauky 4 no.8:119-121 Ag '61.

(MIRA 14:7)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut rybnogo khozyaystva. (Carp-Diseases and pests)

VOLKOBOY, M. F.

"The Biomorphology of the Rib Walls of the Thorax of Certain Marmals."

Dr Biol Sci, Belotserkov Agricultural Inst, Belaya Tserkov 1953. (RZhBiol, No 5, Nov 54)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (11)

SO: Sum. No. 521, 2 Jun 55

VOLKOBOY, M. V. (Prof.), SHCHERBAN', N.P. (Cand. of Veterinary Sci.), and KOVALEVSKIY, V. B., (Veterinary Surgeon)

"Diseases and Pests of Fish" \*

\*Footnote: Kh. S. Goreglyad. "Bolezni i Vrediteli Ryb." M., Sel'khozgiz, 1955, 4 thousand copies.

Veterinariya, Vol. 38, No. 6, 1961. p. 58

Volkoby, M. V., and Shcherban', N. P. - Ukrainian Scientific Research Institute of the Fish Industry.

Kovalevskiy, V. B. - Kiev Oblast' Veterinary Bacteriological Laboratory.

VOLKOBOY, M.V., prof.; SHCHERBAN', N.P., kand.veter.nauk; KOVALEVSKIY, V.B., veter.vrach

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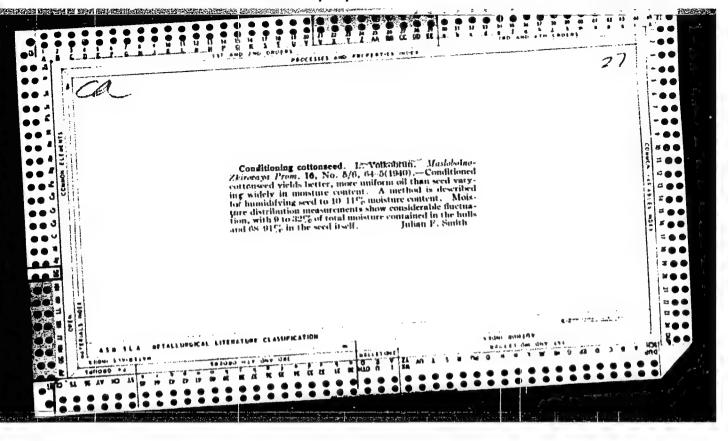
About the book "Fish diseases and pests." Veterinaria 38 no.6: (MIRA 16:6)

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut rybnogo khozyaystwa. (for Volkoboy, Shcherban'). 2. Kiyevskaya oblastnaya veterinarno-bakteriologicheskaya laboratoriya (for Kovalevskiy). (Fishes-Diseases and pests)

VOLKOBRUN, L.		
	Conditioning collegisted. L. Valladarus. Viridotational Alticology Prom. 16, No. 546, 61 5(19)6. Conditioned to the collegisted to the content. A method is described in moisture content. A method is described for humblifying seed to 10 41% moisture content. Moisture distribution pressurements show considerable fuctuation, with 9 to 32% of total moisture contained in the hulls and 68-91% in the seed itself.  Inlian F. Smith	

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6"

L 12892-66 EWP(e)/EWT(m)/EWP(b) WH

ACC NR: AT6000482

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/65/000/000/0144/0146

AUTHOR: Matveyev, M. A.; Mazo, Zh. E.; Volkodatov, A. F.; Volchek, L. K.

ORG: None

TETLE: Effect of aluminum oxide on the properties of glasses of certain alkali-

SOURCE: Vsesoyuznoye soveshchaniye po stekloobraznomu sostoyaniyu. 4th, Leningrad, 1964. Stekloobraznoye sostoyaniye (Vitreous state); trudy soveshchaniya. Leningrad, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 144-146

TOPIC TAGS: glass property, silicate glass, alumina, coordination chemistry

AESTRACT: A study of the properties of glasses in the systems CaO-SrO-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> and MnO-CaO-SrO-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> showed that the composition-property curves have an inflection point at a certain content of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>. Glass of composition corresponding to this inflection point has many valuable properties (water resistance, high elastic modulus E, fast crystal growth rate). Anomalous effects of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> on glass properties were also observed in the systems MgO-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> and SrO-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub>. The role of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> is a dual one, since it improves the properties up to a certain content, then lowers them. This behavior is attributed to a change in the coordination of Al<sup>3+</sup> in alkali-free vitreous systems as their basicity increases, and the corresponding structural interpretation is given to account for changes in crystalizing tendency, chemical stability, and elastic modulus. Analysis of changes in Card 1/2

ACC NR: AT6000482						0			
the molar volume with the composition confirmed the hypothesis that the coordination number of aluminum ion changes from four to six (its structure changes from tetrahedral to octahedral). Orig. art. has: 3 figures.									
SUB CODE: 07,	11 / SUBM DATE:	22May65 / OR	IG REF: 007	7.	1				
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Card 2/2 HW									

MATVEYEV, M.A.; MAZO, E.E.; VOLKODATOV, A.F.

Effect of some factors on the modulus of elasticity of glass fiber. Zhur. VKHO 8 no.5:584-586 '63.

(MIRA 17:1)

1. Institut obshchey neorganicheskoy khimii AN RSSR.

MATVEYEV, M. A.; MAZO, E. E.; VOLCHEK, L. K.; ORLOVA, V. M.; VOLKODATOV, A. F.

report submitted for 4th All-Union Conf on Structure of Glass, Leningrad, 16-21 Mar 64.

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6

VOLKODATOV H.F

3/081/62/000/002/070/10. B150/B101

15.2125

AUTHORS:

Bezborodov, M. A., Mazo, E. E., Iodo, S. S., Orlova V. K., Volchek, L. K., Volkodatov, A. F.

TITLE:

Synthesis of glasses for glass fiber in the system SrCaAlSiO

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 2, 1962, 378, abstract 2K241 (Dokl. AN BSSR, v. 5, no. 7, 1961, 304 - 307)

TEXT: The field of witrification was studied and developed in the system SrCaAlSiO considered as a triangle in the angles of which are situated  $^{Al}2^{O}3^{o}$ SiO<sub>2</sub> and SrO + CaO in definite proportions. Three variants of the system were investigated with the ratios CaO:SrO (in mole %) equalling 10; 1.23, and 1.85. It was established that glasses of the SrCaAlSiO system are suitable for the production of glass fiber. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

1

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860520003-6" ACCESSION NR: AP4040682 S/0072/64/000/006/0009/0012
AUTHOR: Matveyev, M. A. (Doctor of technical sciences); Mazo, E. E. (Candidate of technical sciences); Volkodatov, A. F. (Engineer)
TITLE: Influence of Al<sub>2</sub>0<sub>3</sub> on some properties of glass in the Mg0-Al<sub>2</sub>0<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> system

SOURCE: Steklo i keramika, no. 6, 1964, 9-12

TOPIC TAGS: alumina containing glass, glass elasticity modulus, Along, glass property, magnesium oxide, physico chemical property

ABSTRACT: Because of the advantageous physico-chemical properties of the above glasses, their chemical stability, low thermal expansion coefficient, and insulating properties have been much studied. The authors amplify these studies including the investigation of the elasticity modulus. The samples were prepared at 1630C. The area of vitrification in the state diagram applies to a composition containing 47.5-60% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 10-20% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, and 25-40% MgO. At 45% SiO<sub>2</sub>, independent of the Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> content, all glasses crystallize. Melting and clatifying of glass with 45-50% silica contents already takes place at 1530C. The majority of glasses belong to the cordierite type. Those of the mullite type are highly viscous and have valuable properties. The elasticity modulus was determined with the

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4040682

aid of ultrasonic resonance. All these glass types show high values of the elasticity modulus (between 10000 and 11000 kg/mm, compared with 4000-7000 kg/mm<sup>2</sup> for ordinary glass). The basic component enhancing the elasticity modulus is magnesium oxide. Conversely, higher SiO content lowers the elasticity modulus. In this respect, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> plays a dual role, its optimum content being 15 mol%. The same applies to titanium. The capacity of these elements to change their coordination numbers explains this phenomenon. Orig. art. has: 6 figures,

ASSOCIATION: Institut obshchey i teoreticheskoy khimii AN SSSR (Institute of General and Theoretical Chemistry, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 00

ENCL: CO

SUB CODE: MT

NR REF SOV: 006

CTHER: 008

Card 2/2

L 17619-66 EWP(e)/EWT(m)/EWP(1)/ETC(m)-6 WW/RM/WH SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/(6/000/003/0049/0049	
L 17619-66 EWP(e)/EWT(m)/EWP(1)/ETC(m)-6 WW/RM/WH  SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/(6/000/003/9049/0049	
INVENTOR: Mazo, E. E.; Matveyev, M. A.; Ushakova, L. K.; Iodo, 3. S.; Orleva, V. M.;	
INVENTOR: Mazo, E. D. Pater Bourn B. M.	
Volkodatov, A. F.; Levinbaum, B. M.	
ORG: none	
ORG: none	
TITLE: Glass for glass fiber. Class 32, No. 178458	
TITLE: Glass for glass Albert	
SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 3, 1966, 49	
TOPIC TAGS: glass fiber, electric insulator	
The Post Walting Glass Aluch	
ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a glass for marking the state of the glass has the with improved electrical insulation properties and reduced cost. The glass has the with improved electrical insulation properties and reduced cost. The glass has the with improved electrical insulation properties and reduced cost. The glass has the with improved electrical insulation properties and reduced cost. The glass has the with improved electrical insulation properties and reduced cost. The glass has the	
with improved electrical insulation properties and reduced cost.  with improved electrical insulation properties and reduced cost.  story in the sto	
following composition: SiO <sub>2</sub> , 54-57%; Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , 8-9%; CaO, 13-17%; over 1.5%. [BO] MgO, not over 3.5%; and, in addition, BaO, 1.5-5%, and Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> , not over 1.5%.	
mgo, not over 2007, 1/4/0	
SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: OTDec64/ ATD PRESS: 4 4.10	
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STREET, EVT(m)/EWP(e) L 05282-67 UR/0000/65/000/000/0063/0067 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR: AT6027137 Matveyev, M. A.; Mazo, E. E.; Volkodatov, A. F.; Volchek, L. K. AUTHOR: 1191 ORG: none TITLE: Effect of ionic radii Me2+ on the properties of glasses SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye obshchey i tekhnicheskoy khimii. Issledovaniya v oblasti khimii silikatov i okislov (Studies in the field of chemistry of silicates and oxides). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 63-67 TOPIC TAGS: beryllium compound, silicate glass, glass property ABSTRACT: The systems RO-Al203-SiO2, where RO = SrO, MgO or BeO, were studied in the following concentration range of the components (mole \$); SiO2, 45-60; Al2O3, 0-20; RO, 20-55. The temperature of the upper crystallization limit, chemical stability, and elastic modulus were determined in glasses of the Sro-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub>, MgO-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub>, and MgO-BeO-Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> systems. Comparison of the results shows that these properties change in regular fashion with the cationic radius of the divalent oxide. As the latter decreases, the temperature at which the glasses are melted and their crystallizability, chemical stability and elastic modulibincrease. The Be<sup>2+</sup> ion has the strongest force field and the smallest difference of force fields with silicon (0.7) as com-

pared to  $Mg^{2+}$  (1.12) and  $Sr^{2+}$  (1.30). This explains the marked crystallizability of beryllium glasses observed in this study, and also the higher  $T_S$  of magnesium glasses

Card 1/2

06282 <b>–</b> 67 CC NR: AT6027137	0
as compared to strontium glasses. As the ionic radii decrease 102+ increase, the influence of 162+ on the packing and rigid cure grows, causing a rise in the fusion temperature and in the decrease in the cationic radius also increases the chemical soft the cations washed out of the glass determines the porositative effect of the film formed on the glass—during reaction Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 2 tables.	the elastic modulus. The stability, since the size ty, and hence, the protects with corrosive agents.
SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 13Feb64/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH R	EF: 001
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2/2 9/2	
Card 2/2 9d	

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VCLKCDAV, M. T.

Gare of riss in commer qualtums and on masture. Moskva, Gos. izd-vc selfkines. liv-ry, 1958. 73 %. (T3-16777)

BF396.R9Ve

1. Swine - Feeding and feeding stuffs.
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1 12130-66 EVT(1)/FCC (	SOURCE CODE: UR/2633/65/000/019/01/2/0104
HOR: Volkodav, V. I.	11 = 3 PH 1
De	
l'nevostochnyy nauchno-18316	TOANCAT . DKTA ETHI OND AGE
LE: Characteristics of trop	12,44,55
RCE: Vladivostok. Dal'nevos rometeorologicheskiy institu	tochnyy nauchro-issladovatel'skly
opticheskoy meteorologii (Pr	obleme in seroidly and symplete and and
TO TAGS. trongnause.	oblems in aerology and symptomic wind velocity,
IC TAGS: tropopause, shames atosphere, atmospheric strat	ification  opening of Trans-Baykal UCHS during 1956-
IC TAGS: tropopause, among atcomphere, atmospheric strate TRACT: Data collected by 6 served as basis for a study	ification aerological stations of Trans-Baykal UCMS during 1956- of the tropopause and the relationship of the
IC TAGS: tropopause, among atcomposer, atmospheric strate. TRACT: Data collected by 6 served as basis for a study popause altitude to the level ents was 19,562. The soundi	ification aerology and symples wind velocity, ification aerological stations of Trans-Baykal UCKS during 1956-of the tropopause and the relationship of the ol of the maximal wind velocity. Total number of the logs were taken above 15 km at 3 a.m. and 3 p.m. (Hoseness of the stratification curve, three single-layer
IC TAGS: tropopause, among atosphere, atmospheric strateraters. Data collected by 6 served as basis for a study popause altitude to the level ents was 19,52. The sounding time). Depending upon the ses and one multi-layer type	ification aerology and symples wind velocity, ification aerological stations of Trans-Baykal UCMS during 1956-of the tropopause and the relationship of the ol of the maximal wind velocity. Total number of the shape of the stratification curve, three single-layer of tropopause were differentiated. The first three of tropopause were differentiated. The first three
PIC TAGS: tropopause, attempted at the attempter of a tropopause, attempted by 6 served as basis for a study popause altitude to the lever of time). Depending upon the pes and one multi-layer type curred in 94-100% of the peace	ification aerology and symples wind velocity, ification aerological stations of Trans-Baykal UCKS during 1956-of the tropopause and the relationship of the ol of the maximal wind velocity. Total number of the logs were taken above 15 km at 3 a.m. and 3 p.m. (Hoseness of the stratification curve, three single-layer

1. 12130-66

ACC NR: AT5028663

increases during winter and spring to 40-45%. Type II (in which the transition from troposphere to stratosphere is achieved via an inversion layer) is prevalent during the summer (about 60% in the north, 45% in the south). During the winter, the geographic differences in average altitude of tropopause consist of about 1 km, while in the summer they are reduced to 0.2-0.4 km. Annual amplitude of the average monthly wind velocity is 15 m/sec for tropopause over northern and southern regions, 12 m/sec over eastern areas, and 10 m/sec in the central area. Difference between the altitude of tropopause and the level of the maximal wind velocity varies greatly with the seasons. The basic factors determining the abnormally low and high location of the tropopause above the Trans-Baykal are, correspondingly, invasion of upper and middle troposphere by cold air masses from higher latitudes and escape of warm air from subtropical latitudes. Orig. art. has: 8 tables and 4 figures.

SUB CODE: 04/

SUBM DATE: none

HW

Card 2/2

VOLKODAV, V.V., inzh. (g.Belovo)

New developments in combining trains. Zhel.dor.transp. 42 no.4:76-77 Ap 160. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Zamestitel' nachal'nika Belovskogo otdeleniya Tomskoy dorogi.
(Railroads--Making up trains)

VOLKODAVOV, V.F.

Boundedness of compact sets in K-spaces. Uch.zap.Kuib.gos.ped.inst. no.29:67-71 159. (MIRA 14:8) (Aggregates) (Spaces, Generalized)

VOLKODAVOV, V.F.; NOSCV, V.A. (Kuybyshev)

The local extremum principle for a hyperbolic equation with constant coefficients. Volzh. mat. sbor. no.1:226-228 '63. (MTRA 19:1)

VOLKOGON, G.

Development of creative activity. HTO no.12:45 D '59 (MIRA 13:3)

1. Uchenyy sekretar pervichnoy organizatsii Nauchno-tekhnicheskogo obshchestva Kolomenskogo teplovozostroitel nogo zavoda po pbrabotke tsvetnykh metallov, g. Orsk, Orenburgskoy oblasti.

(Orsk--Nonferrous metals industries)

Volkegon; 6,00

AUTHORS: Volkogon, G.M., Smirnova, G.D., Pogov, V.I.

32-11-27/60

TITLE:

The Spectral Method for the Determination of the Content of Iron, Manganese, Magnesium, Silicon, and Lead in the "Melchior" of the Type MH-19 (Spektral'nyy metod opredeleniya zheleza, margantsa, magniya, kremniya i svintsa v mel'khiore marke MH-19)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1957, Vol. 23, Nr 11, pp. 1337-1338 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Quantitative determinations were carried out in this case by the method of 3 standard gauged samples. The sample was taken out of the melt in the foundry and was cast into a conical bolt of 10 mm and 14 mm diameter (at the ends) and of 50 mm length by filling a special mm diameter (at the ends) and of 50 mm length by filling a special mold. This bolt was polished at its thinner end and was used as lower mold. The upper electrode was made from spectrally pure carbon and electrode. The upper electrode was made from spectrally pure carbon and was of conical shape, with 6 mm and 2 mm diameters at the ends. The was of conical shape, with 6 mm and 2 mm diameters at the ends. The following devices were used for spectral analysis: A spectrograph type following devices were used for spectral analysis: A spectrograph type films "Spektral" type 1. Spectrophotographs were made in 2 series: films "Spektral" type 1. Spectrophotographs were made in 2 series: films "Spektral" type 1. Spectrophotographs were made in 2 series: films "spektral" type 1. Spectrophotographs were made in 2 series: films "not the determination of silicon, magnesium, and lead, and a second for iron and manganese. Photometrization was carried out on the microphotometer "Modes". Standards were cast and prepared in the same

Card 1/2

32-11-27/60

The Spectral Method for the Determination of the Content of Iron, Manganese, Magnesium, Silicon, and Lead in the "Melchior" of the Type ME-19

manner as the above described sample. The prepared mixtures for standards were tested spectrographically and by chemical analysis. The results obtained by this method were compared with those obtained by methods which were already known, and agreement was found to be satisfactory. There are 1 figure and 1 table.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

VOLKOGON, G.M.; PRIMATOVA, L.V.

Effect of the testing rate on mechanical properties of some nonferrous metals and alloys. Zav.lab. 25 no.2;196-197 1 59. (MIRA 12:3)

 Orskiy zavod po obrabotke tsvetnykh metallov. (Nonferrous metals—Testing)

507/32-25-2-34/78

14(11)

Volkogon, G. M., Primatova, L. V.

Effect of the Investigation Velocity on the Mechanical Pro-AUTHORS: TITLE:

perties of Some Non-Ferrous Metals and Alloys (Vliyaniye skorosti ispytaniya na mekhanicheskiye svoystva nekotorykh

tsvetnykh metallov i splavov)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Nr 2,

pp 196 - 197 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

It has already been mentioned in publications that an increase in the deformation velocity leads to an increase of the resistance values (Refs 1-4). Respective data on the

effect of the deformation velocity in the straining of copper, nickel, copper/nickel and copper/zinc alloy plates not yet investigated are given in the present case. The properties of the materials investigated are mentioned (Table). The

static investigations were carried out in the breaking machine TM-12 A at 22 different velocities (from 2 to 470 mm/min). Based on the data obtained, a diagram of the dependence of

the investigation rate on the idling speed of the investiga-

Card 1/2

Effect of the Investigation Velocity on the Mechanical Properties of Some Non-Ferrous Metals and Alloys

SOV/32-25-2-. 34/78

tion apparatus (Fig 1) was plotted. A linear function between the two velocities was observed. The resistance limit of the investigated materials (copper M-1,  $\alpha$  brass L 68, commercial brass L 62, nickel N-1 and cupronickel MN-19) does not change within a velocity interval of 2 to 40 mm/min. Thus, a noutral goar of the investigation apparatus up to 40 mm/min (instead of 20 mm/min according to GOST 1497-42) is proposed in accordance with F. F. Pedanov's data (Ref 5). The investigation velocity for nickelplate can be increased to 180 mm/min. There are 2 figures, 1 table and 5 Soviet references.

ASSOCIATION:

Orskiy zavod po obrabotke tsvetnykh metallov Orsk Plant for Non-Perrous Metal Processing)

Card 2/2

AUTHOR: Volkogon, G.M. SOV/136-59-1-22/24

TITLE:

Reviews and Bibliography (Retsenzii i bibliografiya)

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnyye Metally, 1959, Nr 1, pp 97-98 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The following book is reviewed:

N.Z. Dnestrovskiy and S.N. Pomerantsev "Brief Handbook on the working of Non-Ferrous Metals and Alloys",

Metallurgizdat, 1958.

Card 1/1

VOLKOGON, G.M., PRIMATOVA, L.V.

Relation between the limit of the resistance to rupture and the hardness at high temperatures. Zav.lab. 26 no.7: 858-859 \*60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Orskiy zabod po obrabotke tsvetnykh metallov.
(Metals-Testing)

VOLKOON, G.M.

Central laboratory of the Orsk plant for processing nonferrous metals. Zav.lab. 26 no.7:902-903 160.

(MIRA 13:7)

l. Nachal'nik TSentral'noy laboratorii Orskogo zavoda po obrabotke tsvetnykh metallov. (Orsk--Nonferrous metals)



VOLKOGON, G.M.; RELOV, A.V.

"Induction furnaces for metal and alley smelting" by S.A. Farbman,
I.F. Kelebnev. Reviewed by G.M. Velkegen, A.V. Belov. TSvet. met.
31 no.9:78-79 S '58.

(Nonferreus metals--Electrometallurgy) (Induction heating)

VOLKOGON, G.M.

"Brief handbook on the working of nonferrous metals and alloys"
by N.Z. Dnestrovskii, S.N. Pomerantsev. Reviewed by G.V. Volkogon.
TSvet. met. 32 no.1:97-98 Ja '59. (MIRA 12:1)
(Nonferrous metals) (Metalwork)

28(5) AUTHOR:

Volkogon, G. M.

507/32-25-5-48/56

TITLE:

On the Problem of Temperature Measurement in Mechanical Heat Tests (K voprosu ob izmerenii temperatur pri goryachikh

mekhanicheskikh ispytaniyakh)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Nr 5, p 631 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In connection with the investigation of nickel- and copper plasticity a series of tests was carried out in order to define the dependence of temperature measurements on the difference of the optical properties between the thermocouple and the samples. The methods used had already been described (Ref 1). The temperature difference was found by means of a differential chrome Alumel thermocouple, a contact (corresponding to the sample to be investigated) being screened by a nickel- or copper foil. The tests were carried out by means of a potentic-meter of the type PPTV-1. For heating the samples two types of furnaces were used - one had a nickel screen (thickness: 0.3mm) between sample and heating body, the other had no screen at all. It was found that in the first case the error of temperature measurement is 5 - 7° in the case of copper samples and 2 - 4°

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SOV/32-25-5-46/56

On the Problem of Temperature Measurement in Mechanical Heat Tests

at a maximum in the case of nickel samples, whereas with unscreened heating the error of measurement is  $28 - 30^{\circ}$  in the case of copper samples and  $18 - 20^{\circ}$  in the case of nickel samples. Thus it has been found that the point of contact of the thermocouple and the corresponding part of the sample have to be carefully screened in order to obtain more precise measurement results in mechanical heat tests. There is

1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION: Orskiy savod po obrabotke tavetnykh metallov (Orsk Plant

for the Processing of Non-Ferrous Metals)

Card 2/2

VOLKOGON, G.M.

Relationship between the shape of the specimers and the mechanical properties of copper and brass. Zav.lab. 26 no.1:125-126 '60. (MIRA 13:5)

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18. 2200

Volkogon, G. M. Engineer

Influence of the Speed of Deformation on the Mechanical AUTHOR:

Properties of Nickel at Elevated Temperatures TITLE:

PERIODICAL: Metallovedeniye i termicheskaya obrabotka metallov, 1960, No 4, pp 46-47 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The results are given of tensile tests on nickel specimens with various deformation speeds carried out at temperatures between 20 and 1100°C using impact and static loading. For the investigations NPA-1 nickel was used (0.015% Cu, 0.085% Fe, 0.0033% Si, 0.0025% S, 0.065% Mg). rolled blanks cylindrical 6 mm dia., 60 mm long specimens were prepared. The static tests were carried out on an IM-12A test machine at fourteen different speeds between 2 and 460 mm/min. At elevated temperatures the specimens were heated, together with the clamping arrangement, inside a tubular electric furnace. The tensile impact tests were made with a special pendulum impact testing machine, Card 1/3 whereby the specimens were heated with enclosed silicon

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Influence of the Speed of Deformation on the Mechanical Properties of Nickel at Elevated Temperatures

carbide heaters and held at the particular test temperature for 15 mins. Special attention was paid to exact measurement of the temperature. In the first instance the specimens were tested at 20, 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000 and 1100°C with the following three deformations speeds: 2 mm/min, 300 mm/min and 1 m/sec. Fig 1 shows the results of plasticity measurements (transverse contraction) as a function of the temperature and the deformation speed. Changes in the speed of stretching had practically no influence on the relative contraction up to about 350°C but it did have an influence at higher temperatures; specimens stretched at a speed of 2 mm/min had the lowest contraction (37%) at 700°C, whilst the same material showed a contraction of 76% in the case of impact loading. The hot brittleness zone of nickel is most pronounced in the case of deformation speeds of 2 mm/min and decreases appreciably with increasing deformation speed. The influence of heating Card 2/3 duration at 1000°C and of the speed of deformation on the

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mechanical properties of nickel at 600 and 1000°C was also investigated and the results are given in a table on p 47. The heating duration does influence the tensile strength of the nickel; if the heating duration is increased from zero to 30 mins, the strength drops by 1.2 kg/mm². The results of tests at 600 and 1000°C at speeds of 2 and 460 mm/min are graphed in Fig 2. The obtained data appear to be the result of the two mutually competing processes of hardening and softening. The results of the here described investigations do not conform with the generally accepted view that with increasing speed of deformation the plasticity of the metal decreases. There are 2 figures, 1 table and 2 Soviet references.

Card 5/3

BROVMAN, M.Ya.; RIMEN, V.Kh.; BELOV, Ye.M.; KRYLOV, A.P.; VOLKOGON, G.M.

Investigation of electric power parameters in the rolling of nonferrous metals. TSvet. met. 34 no.8:60-65 Ag '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Yuzhno-Ural'skiy zavod tyazhelogo mashinostroyeniya (for Brovman, Rimen, Beloy). 2. Orskiy zavod obrabotki tsvetnykh metallov (for Krylov, Volkogon).

(Rolling (Metalwork)) (Nonferrous metals)